№4

1. The goal was believed is to be able to safely photograph even treacherous, distant Reaches.

2. The altitude seems to depend on the terrain of the seabed.

3. Species and habitats prove to be protected from bottom trawling

4. This phenomenon is found to be due to

5. The researchers are supposed to get images of tricky spaces

6. The terrain-related navigation system is likely to allow a vehicle to know its location by matching its altitude

7. The AUVs happen to fly close to a cliff with a constant altitude

8. The programmed vehicle is ensure vehicle operation without collision

9. The vehicle is expected to follow an iceberg around with a constant altitude,

10. The engineers want the anticipatory technology to that types of operations without a map and just take measurements ahead of you in the terrain and fit a trajectory to that

№5

Ahead – behind

Recently – long ago

Expensive – cheap

Risky – Safe

Distant – close

High – low

Powerful – powerless

Smart - stupid

Remotely – near

Protected – saved

Constant – varied

Allow – forbid

№6

simultaneous – concurrent

result - outcome

preparation – planning

routine -normal

update – inform

mobile – movable

seems – кажется, по-видимому

appears по-видимому очевидно

proves -оказывается очевидно

happens – случалось

Taking a series of photographs of the same areas over time helps scientists monitor the seabed for change.

What system have the engineers developed?

What do scientists monitor via series of photographs of the same areas?

What does taking a series of photographs helps scientists do?

Series of what does help scientists monitor the seabed for change?

What helps taking a series of photographs of the same places over time?

How often does taking a series of photos of the same area help scientists monitor the seabed for change?

For what do scientist monitor the seabed?